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Building a Sovereign Edge Cloud based on European technologies

### Dr Alberto P. Martí

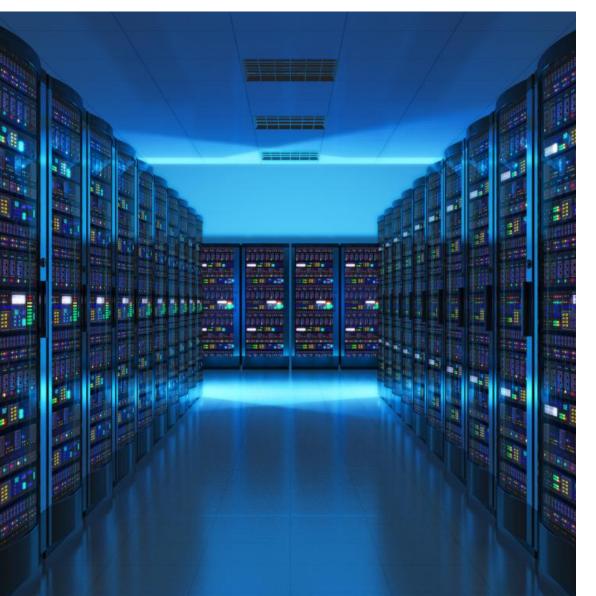
VP of Open Source Innovation @ OpenNebula Systems Chair of the Industry Facilitation Group @ IPCEI Cloud







# **OpenNebula Systems**



- The European open source company behind OpenNebula.
- HQ in Madrid (Spain), with offices in Brussels (BE), Brno (CZ) & USA.
- The only European open source laaS solution, born in 2008.
- A success story emerged from EU innovation programmes.
- Chairing the Cloud/Edge WG of the EC-sponsored EU Cloud Alliance.





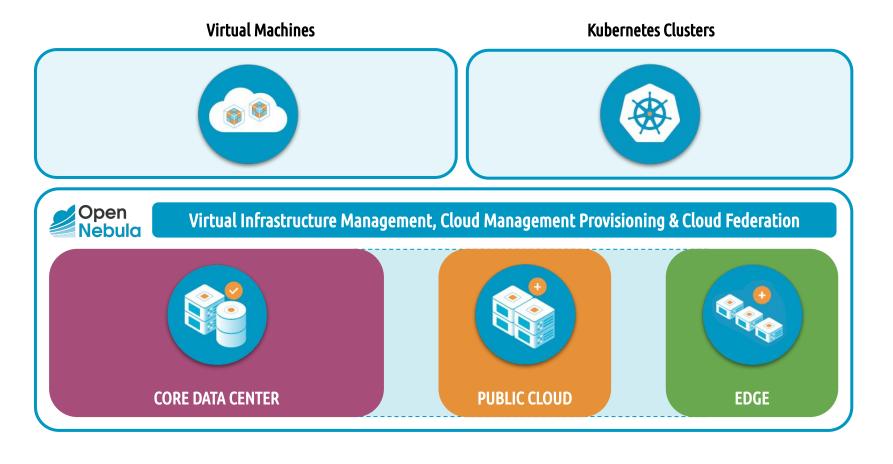






# What is OpenNebula?

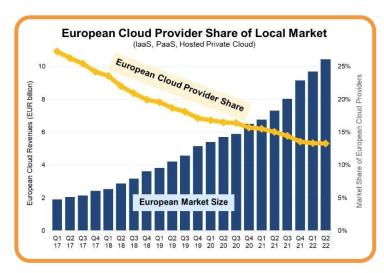
### The Only European Open Source Cloud & Edge Computing Platform



- ✓ Multi-Tenancy
- Self-Service
- ✓ High Availability
- ✓ Federation
- ✓ Multi-Tier Apps
- ✓ Elasticity
- ✓ Automation
- ✓ Multi-Cloud
- ✓ VMs + Kubernetes



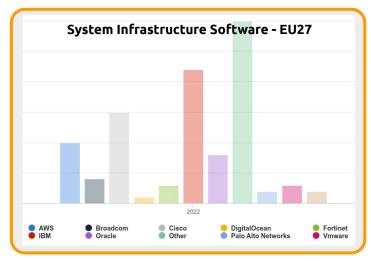
### **Cloud Services**



**Source**: Synergy Research Group (September 2022)

Share of EU CSPs has declined (From 26% to <13%)

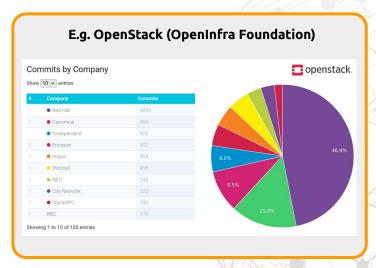
### SysInfra SW Market



Source: Statista (October 2022)

No top competitor from the EU (All of them are US companies)

### **Open Source SW**



Source: Stackalytics (January 2023)

Marginal (<5%) role of EU code (Dominated by US organisations)





Feb 2020

European Strategy

for Data aims to

build a single

market for data



May 2020
Recovery and
Resilience Facility
20% Digital
EU Flagship
"Scale-up"



Member States
Declaration for
next generation
European cloud

Oct 2020



Mar 2021
Digital Decade
Strategy sets
targets on edge
and cloud for 2030



May 2021
Updated EU
Industrial Strategy
evidences strategic
dependencies



In October 2020, all 27 EU Member States signed a joint declaration on "Building the next generation cloud for businesses and the public sector in the EU":

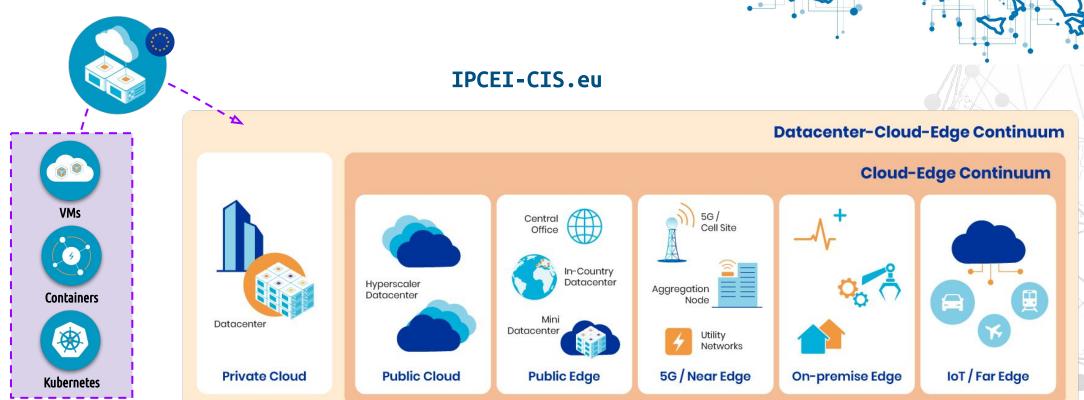
- "The EU has a unique opportunity to address the need for more data sharing and decentralised data processing, closer to the user (at the edge)".
- "Completely interoperable, open, multi-vendor cloud platforms and services, based on European, international or open source standards, will enable users to migrate effectively to the cloud (...)".



The Signatories agreed on an ambitious investment plan gathering private, national and EU efforts and leading to the next generation of EU cloud and edge services...

- Enable Multi-Provider Cloud-Edge Continuum
- Strengthening of EU Digital Industry
- Development of European Open Source Technologies



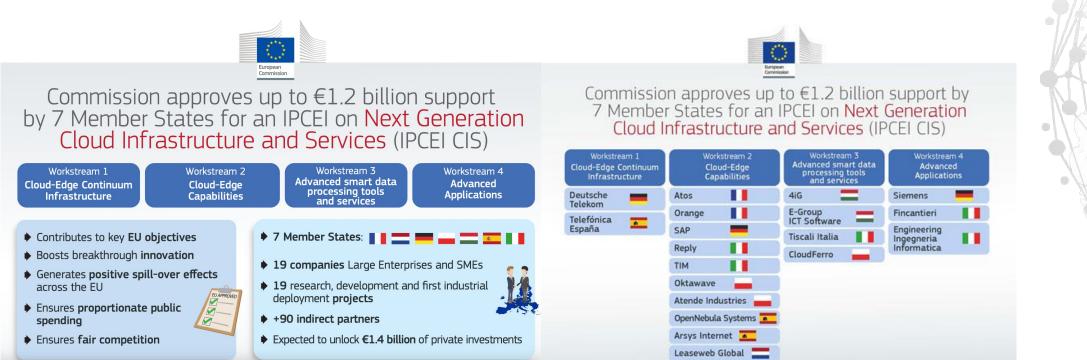




### **IPCEI Cloud – General Overview**

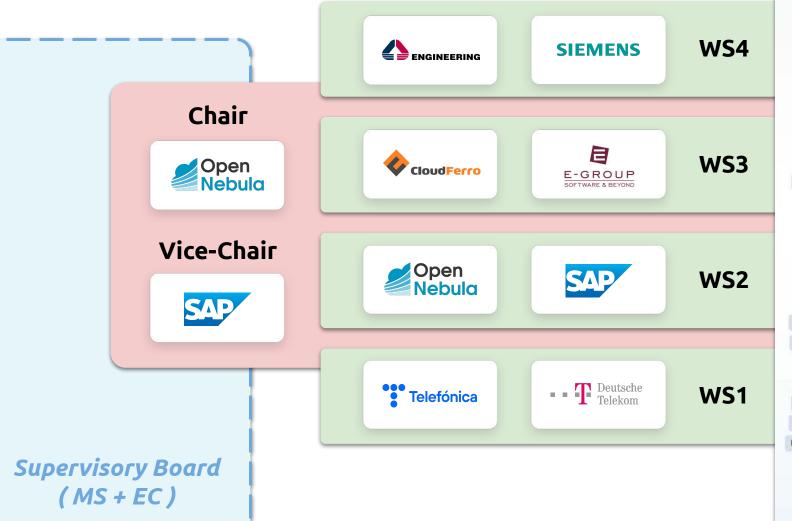
## Say 'hello' to the largest open source project in EU history!

- $\star$  Strategic co-investment programme approved by the EC in December 2023:
  - 1,200 million EUR in State Aid + 1,400 million EUR in private funds.
  - Expected to create more than 1000 highly-qualified jobs across the EU.
- ★ ~100 European companies from 12 Member States.



### **IPCEI Cloud – General Overview**

### **Industry Facilitation Group**



### Wider IPCEI CIS Ecosystem





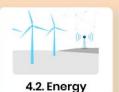
Ventspils High Ventspils Technology Park WestfalenWIND IT Zejn

### Open Nebula

### **IPCEI Cloud – General Overview**



















WS3

Smart Advanced Data Processing



3.1. Data Exchange



3.2. Artificial Intelligence



3.3. App Deployment



3.4. Service Orchestration



3.5. Ecosystem Services

WS2

Cloud-Edge Capabilities 2.1. Federation and Multi-cloud

2.2. XaaS Layer

2.3. Integration, Monitoring, Management and Optimization

2.4. Operating Systems and Virtualization 2.5. Technical Requirements and Architecture

WS1

Cloud-Edge Infrastructure **Private Cloud** 



On-premises Datacenter **Public Cloud** 



100 - 1000 km 10-20 ms 5G / Near Edge



1 - 100 km 2 - 5 ms **Private Edge** 



<1km 1ms

DATACENTER-CLOUD-EDGE-CONTINUUM

2.7. Cross Cutting Sustainability

2.6. Cross Cutting Security



### **IPCEI Cloud – General Overview**

#### STATE OF THE ART

#### **Cloud-Edge Hybrid Architectures**

- Mostly based on **proprietary**, **complex** technologies, leading to **vendor lock-in**.
- Centralized cloud structures that assume highly homogeneous datacenters.

#### Multi-provider Interoperability and Portability

- Low adoption of standards, with abstraction layers based on containers with reduced security (i.e. K8s).
- Storage and network model **not well suited for the highly distributed** cloud-edge continuum.
- Partial use of automation techniques (e.g. IaC) for infrastructure provisioning automation.
- Lack of specific edge node architectures able to meet the needs of HPC and 5G/telco environments.

#### **Multicloud Management and Orchestration**

- Lack of **AI used to optimize and automate** cloud/edge infrastructure management.
- Centralized control planes that do not allow the federation of cloud and edge infrastructures.
- Limited support for **optimized orchestration**, **energy efficiency**, and enforcement of **security policies**.

#### **Use Cases**

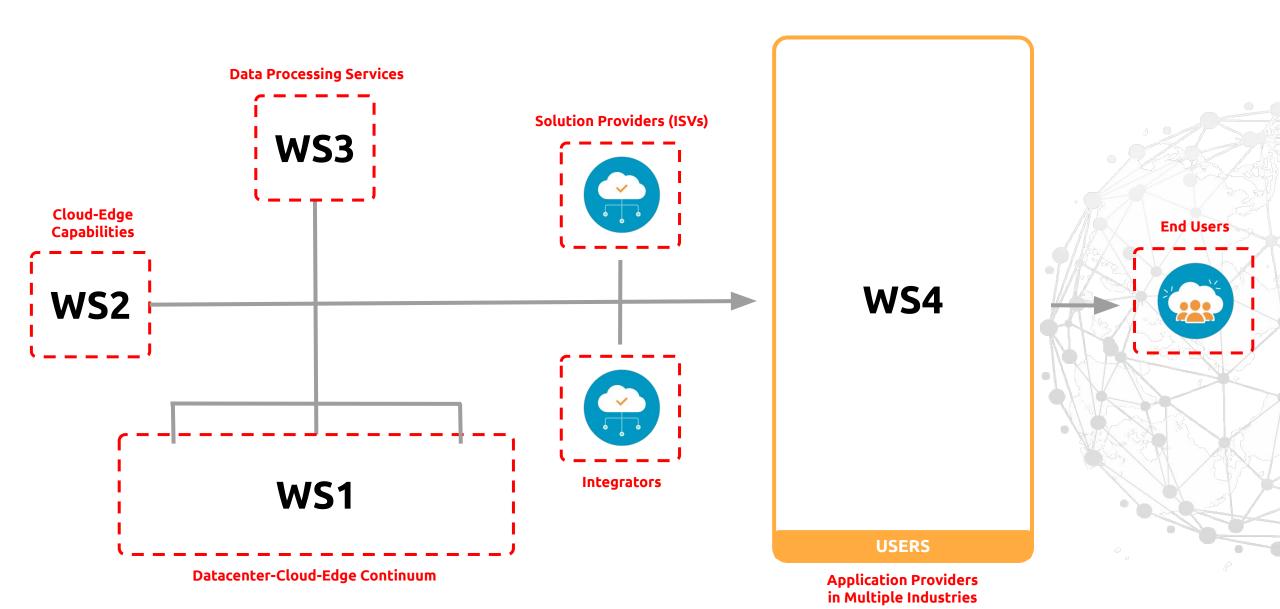
- Deployed as **static solutions** on a **case-by-case basis**, lacking automation, interoperability and portability.
- Creating **silos in strategic sectors** based on different technological stacks and ad hoc implementations.
- Jeopardizes the consolidation of a cloud-edge continuum and an associated industry ecosystem.

#### **FUTURE CHALLENGES**

- Increasing number of edge providers in the market.
- Emergence of tens of thousands of geographically distributed edge nodes.
- Need for complete automation of cloud edge operations.
- New security threats and larger impact of vulnerabilities.
- Preference for energy-efficient nodes.
- Tendency to platform heterogeneity.
- Infrastructure dynamicity and volatile devices.
- Dependency on general-purpose, public networks.
- > Widely **distributed** environments.

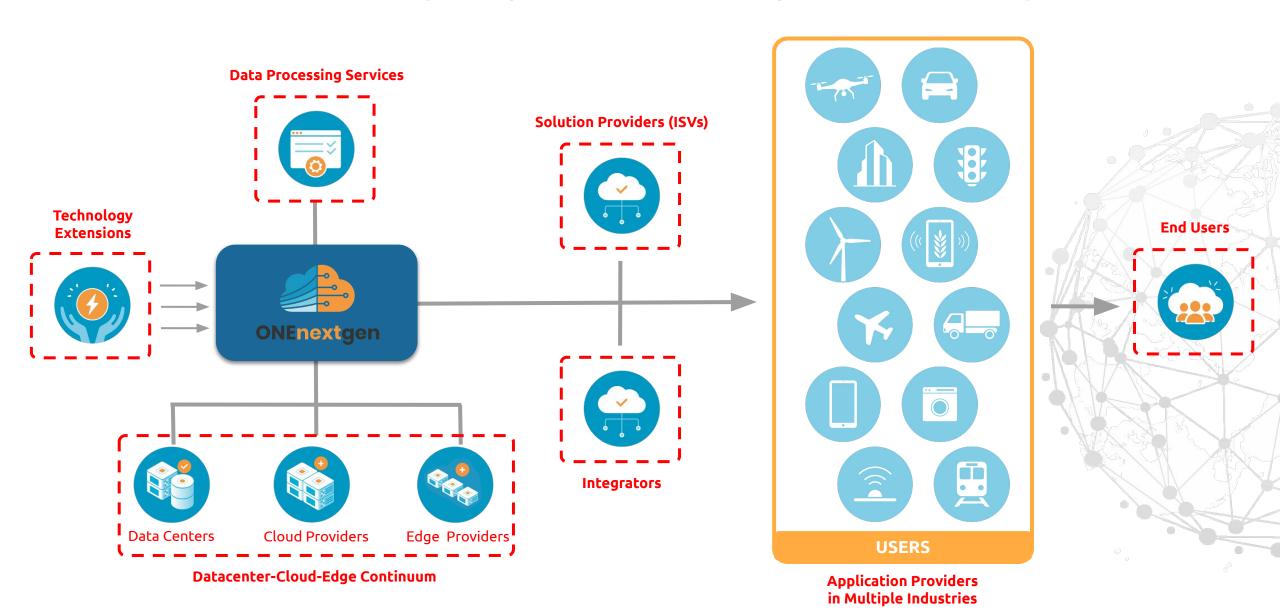


# IPCEI Cloud – Integrating the Whole EU Cloud-Edge Ecosystem



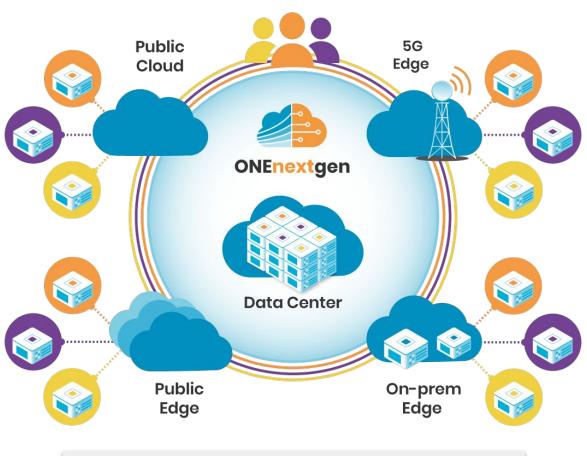


# IPCEI Cloud – Example of Individual Project: ONEnextgen





# IPCEI Cloud – Example of Individual Project: ONEnextgen









# MAIN GEO-STRATEGIC CHALLENGES:

#### **Coordination Failure**



Lack of coordination to deliver a suitable edge computing offering

#### **Concentrated Market Power**



Market structure dominated by a few **non-EU providers** 



Vendor **lock-in** practices



**High barriers to entry** for new cloud and edge providers

#### **Negative Externality**



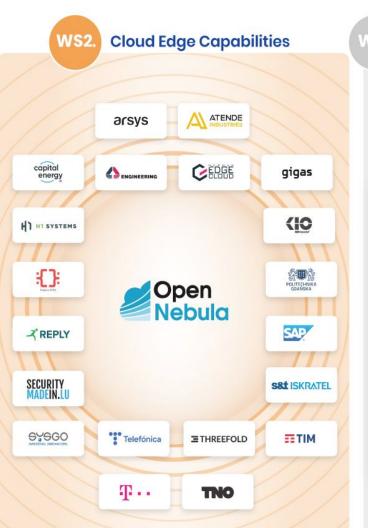
Excessive energy consumption and pollution from rapidly-expanding cloud infrastructure

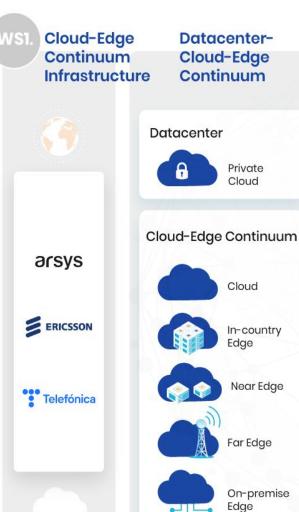


# IPCEI Cloud – Example of Individual Project: ONEnextgen











# IPCEI Cloud – Building a <u>real</u> "Sovereign Cloud" for Europe



"Strategic autonomy is not a question of isolating ourselves and trying to produce everything in Europe, but of giving ourselves the means to discuss from a position of strength with our foreign partners".

Josep Borrell

**Quo Vadis Europa?** (29/08/2022)

"When it comes to digital, Europe's resilience will depend on our ability to develop the next generation of cloud and edge capacities and invest massively in developing European alternatives to reduce our current dependencies".

Thierry Breton





# NexusForum2024 Summit – 19 & 20 September @ Brussels

The event series bringing together the whole EU cloud & edge innovation ecosystem



